





## Introductions



## Safety Vocabulary

- Crashes not accidents
- KSI Killed or Serious Injury Crashes
- Proven Safety Countermeasure an action designed to reduce KSI crashes
- Systemic Safety applying changes to a system based on risk and not just history





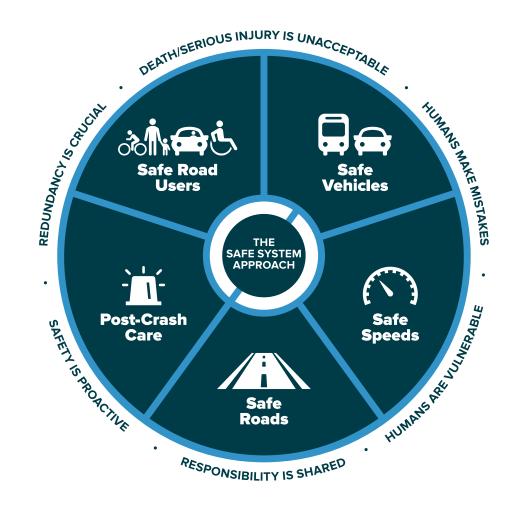
# Proven Safety Countermeasure



**Selection Tool** 

# The Safe System Approach

- Aims to eliminate fatal and serious injuries for all road users by:
  - accommodating human mistakes
  - keeping impacts on the human body at tolerable levels





# Principles



Death/serious injury is unacceptable



Humans make mistakes



Humans are vulnerable



Responsibility is shared



Safety is proactive



Redundancy is crucial



#### **Elements**



Safe road users



Safe vehicles



Safe speeds



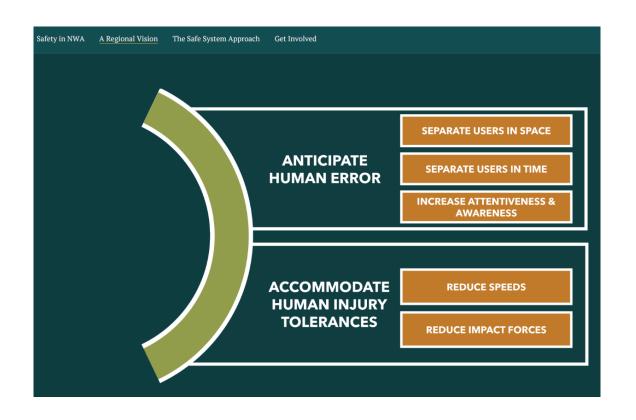


Post-crash care



# Preview of Project StoryMap

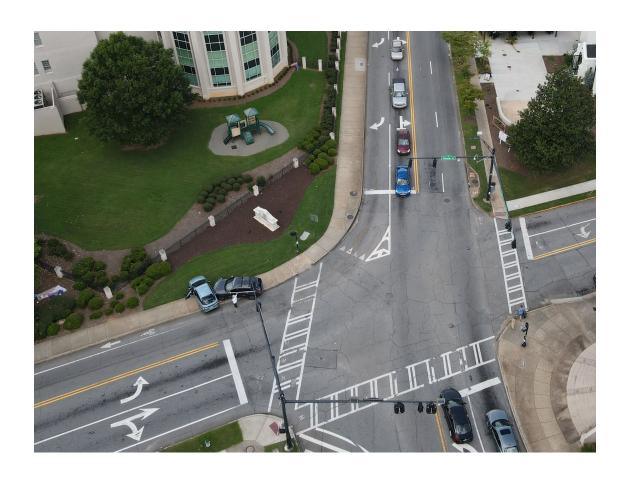
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## Crash Type Examples

- Pedestrians
  - Multiple Threat
  - Turning Vehicles
- Bicyclists
  - Right Hook
  - Vehicle Overtaking Bicycle
- Roadway Departures
  - Ran off road (with or without curve)
- Intersections
  - Left Turn
  - Sideswipe







# Safety Focus Areas

- Speed Management
- Pedestrian/Bicyclist
- Roadway Departure
- Intersections
- Crosscutting

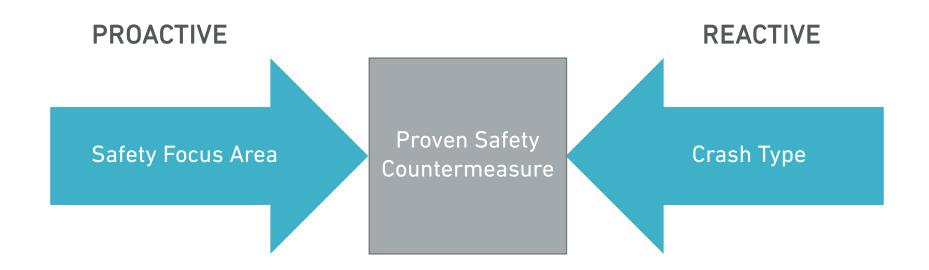




# Are there countermeasures that are working in your community?



#### **Proactive vs Reactive**









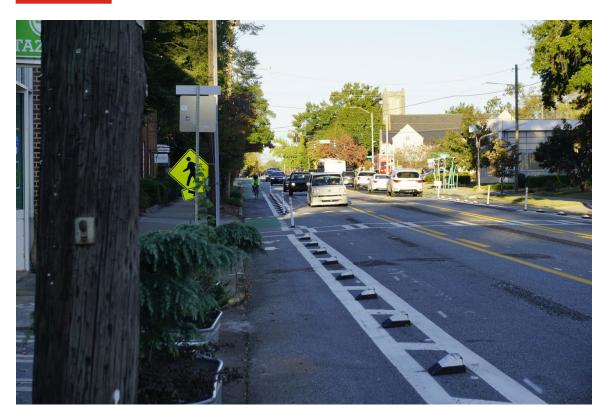
Athens, GA

A classic Road Diet typically involves converting an existing four-lane undivided roadway to a three-lane roadway consisting of two through lanes and a center two-way left-turn lane (TWLTL).





**PROACTIVE** 



Safety Focus Area

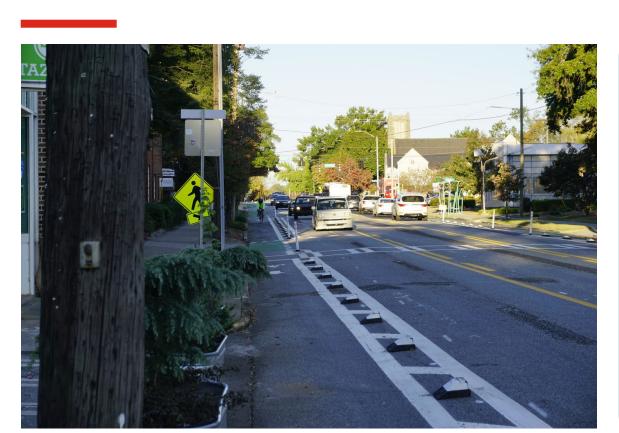
Pedestrian/ Bicycle

\* Speed Management

Athens, GA







**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle

\* Speed Management Crash Type

> Dart/Dash Midblock

Multiple Threat/ Trapped

\*\* Bicycle Right Hook

\*\* Vehicle Overtaking Bicycle

Athens, GA







**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle

\* Speed Management Crash Type

> Dart/Dash Midblock

Multiple Threat/ Trapped

\*\* Bicycle Right Hook

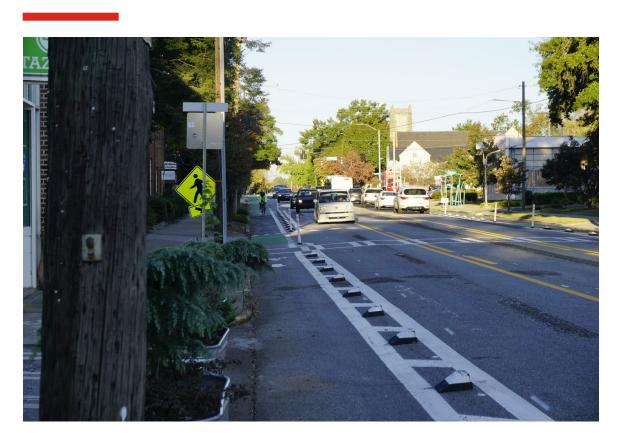
\*\* Vehicle Overtaking Bicycle Expected Crash Reduction

19-47% of all crashes

Athens, GA







**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle

\* Speed Management Crash Type

Midblock

Multiple Threat/ **Trapped** 

\*\* Bicycle Right Hook

\*\* Vehicle Overtaking Bicycle

**Expected** Crash Reduction

Dart/Dash

19-47% of all crashes

Relative Cost









Xenia, OH

A median is the area between opposing lanes of traffic, excluding turn lanes. Medians in urban and suburban areas can be defined by pavement markings, raised medians, or islands to separate motorized and non-motorized road users.

A pedestrian refuge island (or crossing area) is a median with a refuge area that is intended to help protect pedestrians who are crossing a road.







**PROACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle

Xenia, OH







**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crash Type

Dart/Dash Midblock

Xenia, OH







**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crash Type

Dart/Dash Midblock Expected Crash Reduction

\* 46% of pedestrian crashes

\*\* 56% of pedestrian crashes

Xenia, OH







**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crash Type

Dart/Dash Midblock Expected Crash Reduction

\* 46% of pedestrian crashes

\*\* 56% of pedestrian crashes

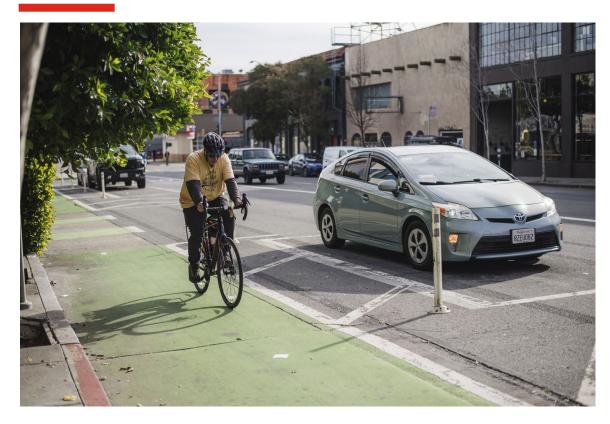
Relative Cost

\$-\$\$

Xenia, OH





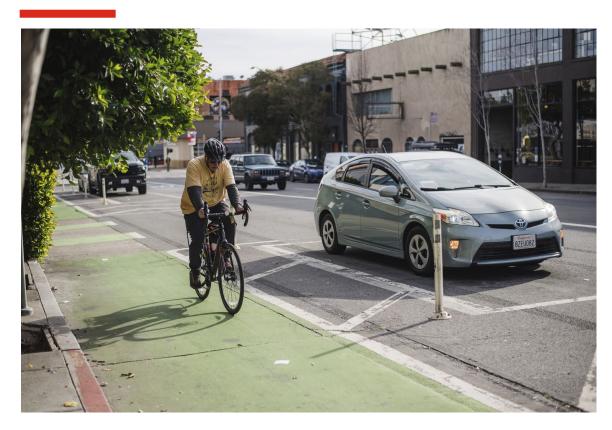


San Francisco, CA

A Bicycle Lane or Bike Lane is defined as a portion of the roadway that has been designated by striping, signage, and pavement markings for the preferential or exclusive use of bicyclists. Bike lanes enable bicyclists to ride at their preferred speed without interference from prevailing traffic conditions and facilitate predictable behavior and movements between bicyclists and motorists.







**PROACTIVE** 

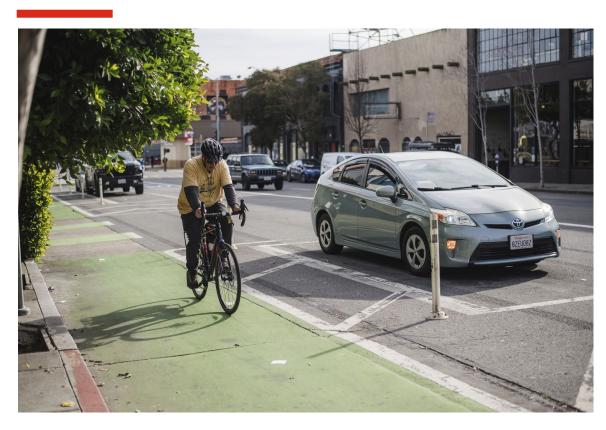
Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle

San Francisco, CA







**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crash Type

Vehicle overtaking bicycle





DESIGN





San Francisco, CA

**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crash Type

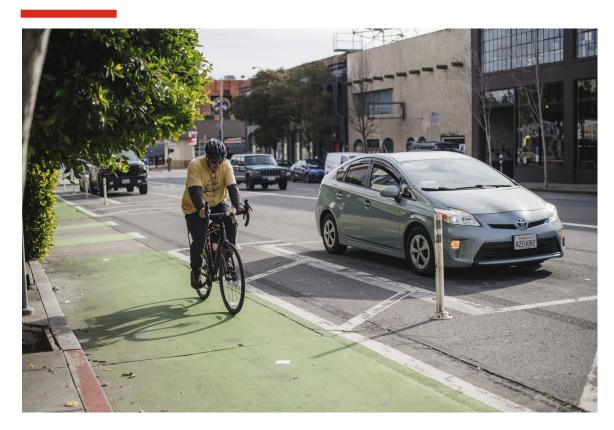
Vehicle overtaking bicycle Expected Crash Reduction

> \* 49% of total crashes

\*\* 30% of total crashes







PROACTIVE

REACTIVE

Safety Focus Area

Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crash Type

Vehicle overtaking bicycle Expected Crash Reduction

\* 49% of total crashes

\*\* 30% of total crashes Relative Cost

\$-\$\$

San Francisco, CA







Woodinville, WA

A Roundabout is a type of intersection with a circular configuration that safely and efficiently moves traffic. The lower vehicle speeds associated with a roundabout reduce conflicts and can create a more suitable environment for walking and bicycling.

Roundabouts can be implemented under a wide range of traffic conditions. They can replace signals, two-way stop controls, and all-way stop controls







Woodinville, WA

**PROACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Intersections







Woodinville, WA

**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Intersections

Crash Type

> Angle Left-Turn







Woodinville, WA

**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Intersections

Crash Type

> Angle Left-Turn

Expected Crash Reduction

> \* 82% reduction in fatal & injury crashes

\*\* 78% reduction in fatal & injury crashes







Woodinville, WA

**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Intersections

Crash Type

> Angle Left-Turn

Expected Crash Reduction

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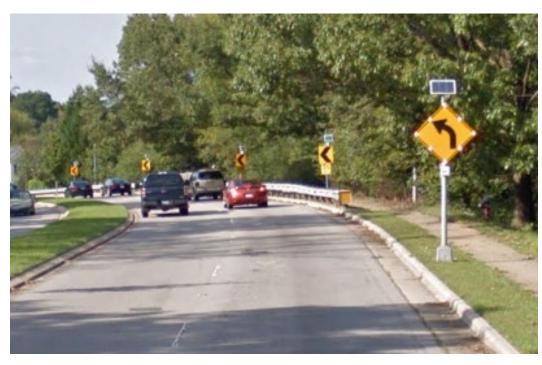
Relative Cost

> \$\$-\$\$\$\$



# **Enhanced Delineation for Horizontal Curves**





Raleigh, NC

Enhanced delineation at horizontal curves include a variety of potential strategies. Treatment strategies range from sequential dynamic chevrons (pictured) to delineators and retroreflective strips on sign posts.

Treatments can alert drivers to upcoming curves, the direction and sharpness of the curve, and appropriate operating speed.



# **Enhanced Delineation for Horizontal Curves**





Raleigh, NC

**PROACTIVE** 

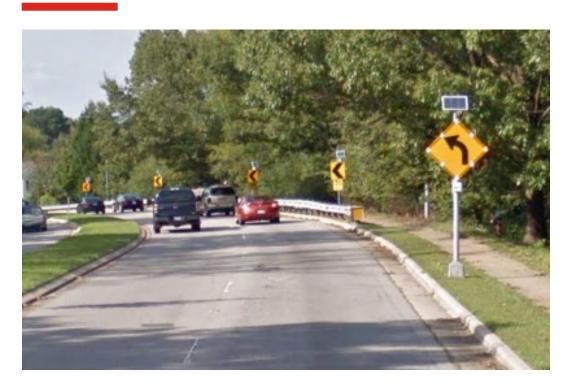
Safety Focus Area

Roadway Departure



# **Enhanced Delineation for Horizontal Curves**





Raleigh, NC

**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

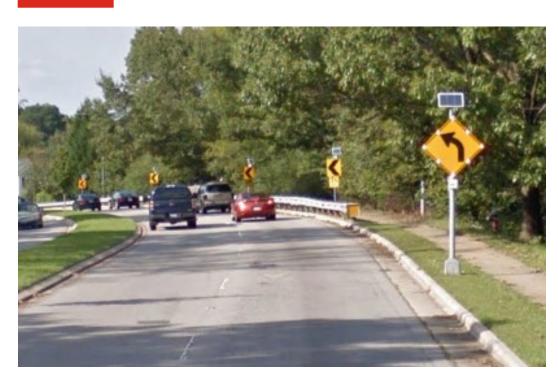
Roadway Departure Crash Type

> Ran Off the Road (At Curve)



# **Enhanced Delineation for Horizontal Curves**





Raleigh, NC

**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Roadway Departure Crash Type

> Ran Off the Road (At Curve)

Expected Crash Reduction

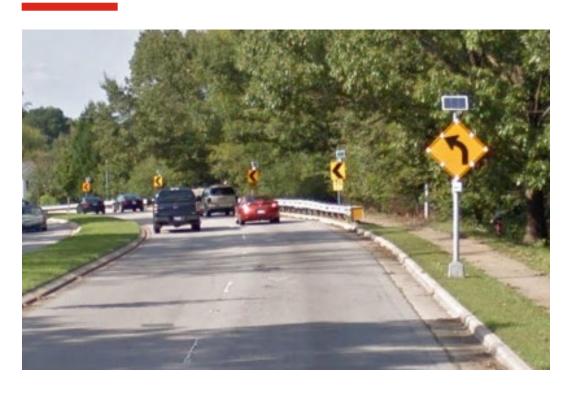
\* 16%
reduction in
fatal & injury
crashes
25%
reduction in
night-time
crashes

\*\* 60% reduction in fatal & injury crashes



# **Enhanced Delineation for Horizontal Curves**





Raleigh, NC

**PROACTIVE** 

**REACTIVE** 

Safety Focus Area

Roadway Departure Crash Type

> Ran Off the Road (At Curve)

Expected Crash Reduction

\* 16%

reduction in fatal & injury crashes 25%

25% reduction in night-time crashes

\*\* 60% reduction in fatal & injury crashes Relative Cost

\$-\$\$



# Has your community been proactive in deploying any safety countermeasures?

Why or why not?





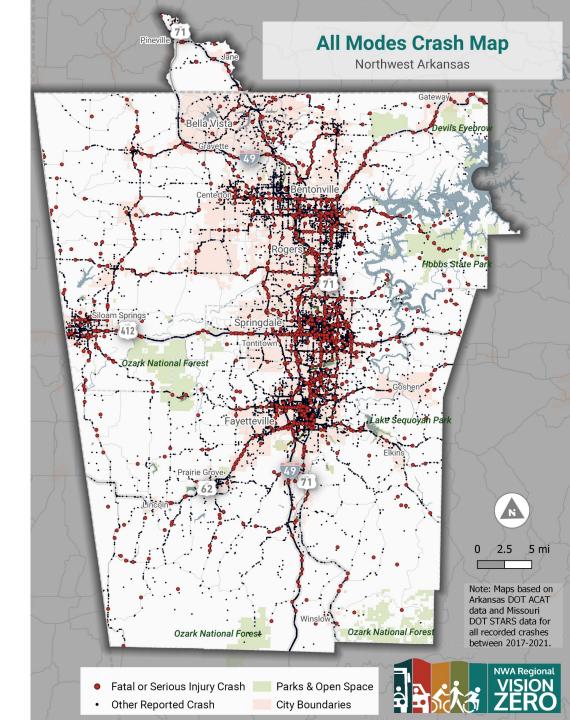
## NWA High Injury Network (HIN)



### High Injury Network (HIN) Development

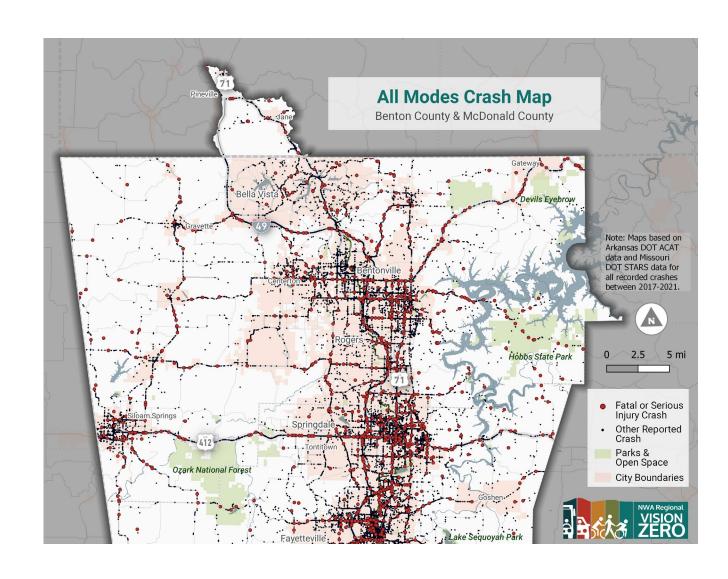
 These streets represent the corridors in NWA with the highest number of fatal and serious injury crashes





### Map crashes

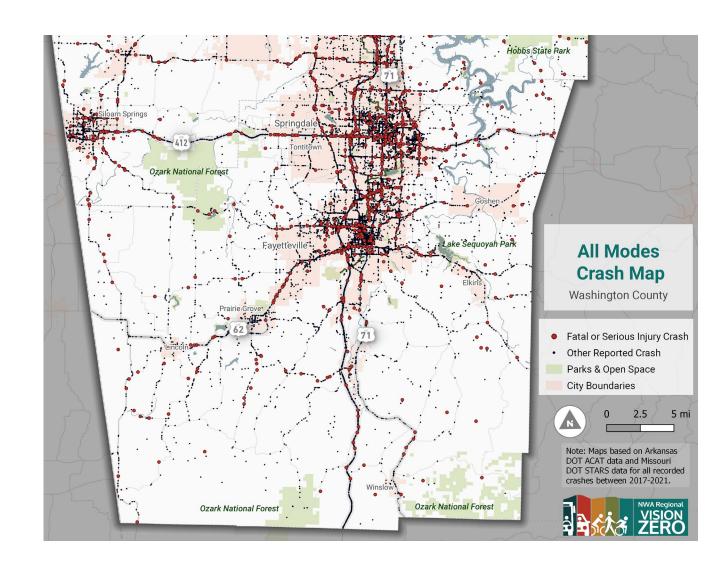
- Geolocate all reported crashes from 2017-2021
- Benton and McDonald Counties





### **Map Crashes**

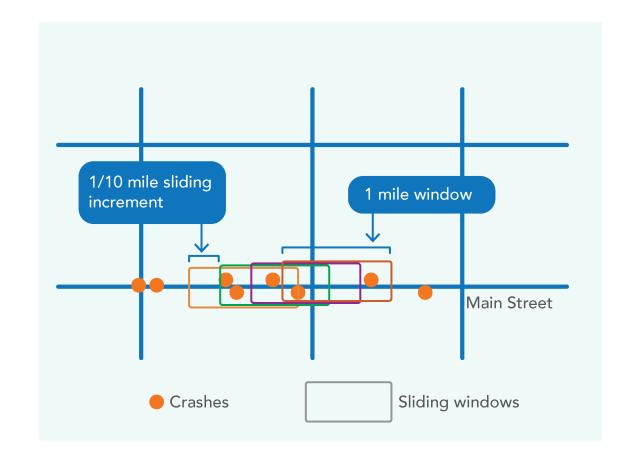
- Geolocate all reported crashes from 2017-2021
- Washington County





### **Sliding Window**

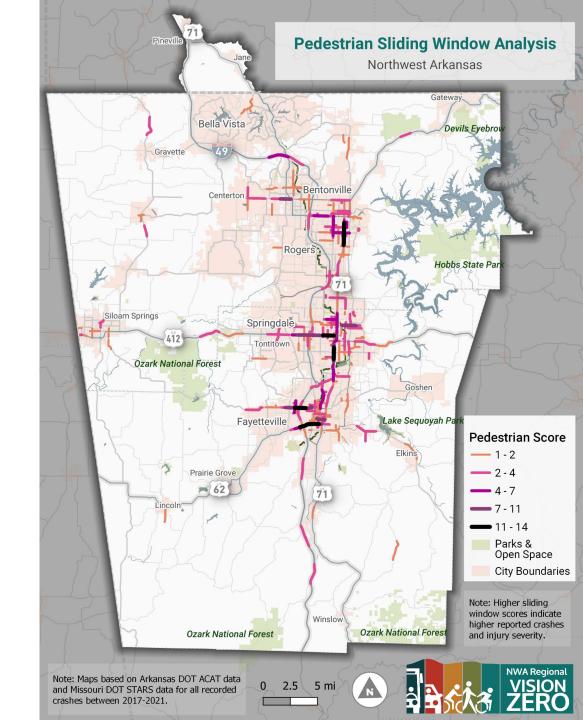
- Conduct Sliding Window Analysis for each mode
  - Done for pedestrian, bicycle, motorcycle, and motor vehicle based on most vulnerable road user involved in crash
  - Sliding windows assign a score to areas based on a higher crash density and injury severity
  - Scoring:
    - Fatal (K) and Serious/Suspected Serious Injury
       (A) crashes = 3
    - Suspected Minor Injury (B) = 1
    - Possible Injury (C)/No Injury (O) = 0





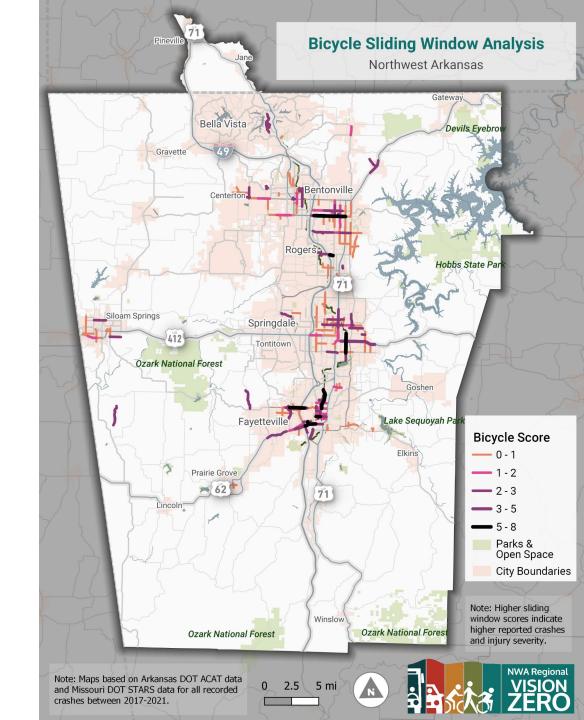
- Thresholds for each mode help to identify key corridors where safety risk is the highest.
- HIN thresholds for NWA:
  - Pedestrian: 4
  - Bicycle: 4
  - Motorcycle: 7
  - Motor Vehicle: 15





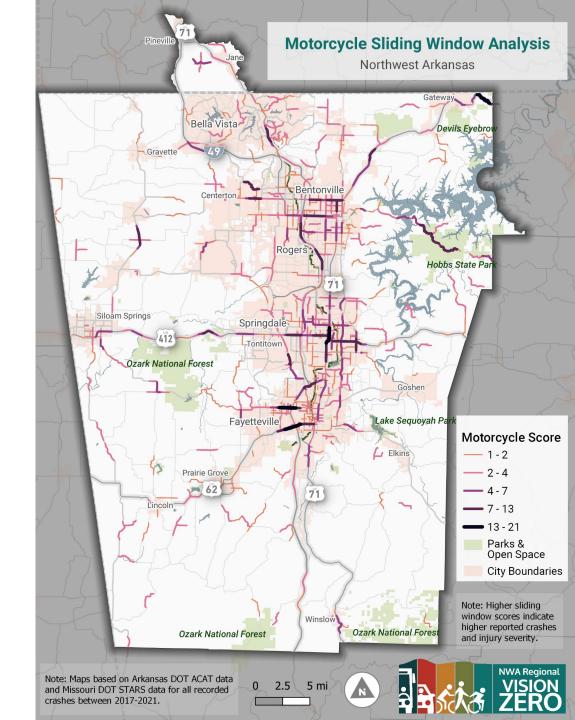
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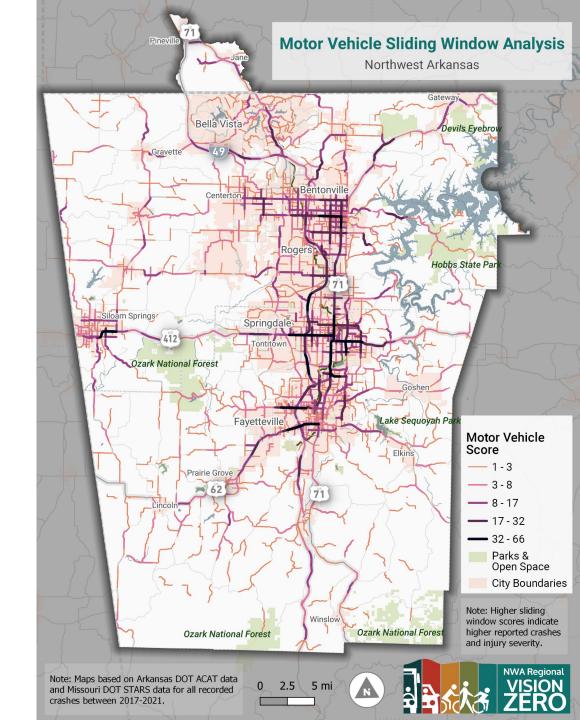
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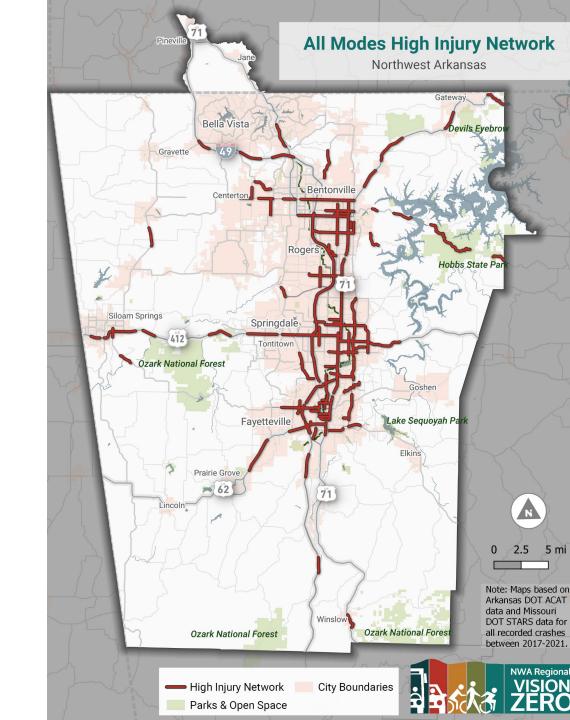
# Do you have any questions about how a HIN is developed?



### **HIN Mapping**

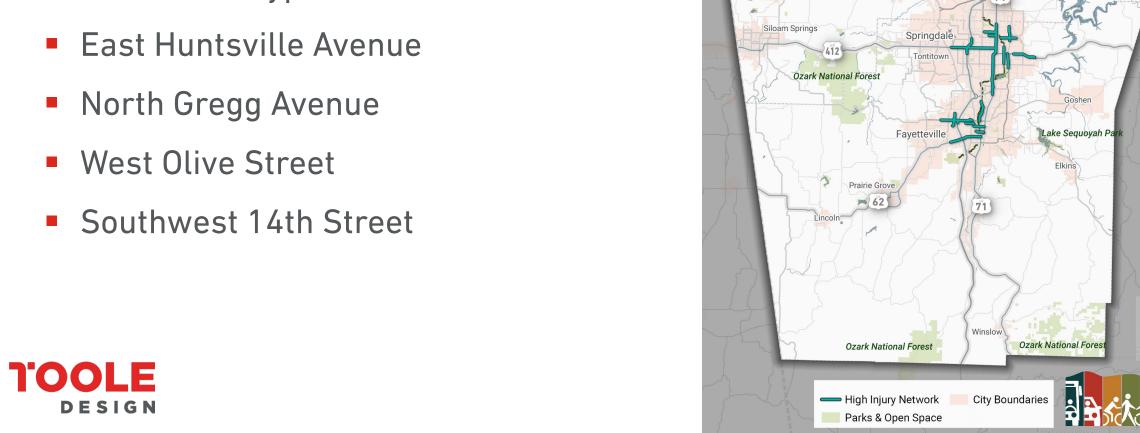
- Combine the segments with the scores noted above and review false-positive segments
- Maps include:
  - Pedestrian HIN
  - Bicyclist HIN
  - Motorcycle HIN
  - Motor Vehicle HIN
  - Combined Regional HIN





### **Pedestrian HIN**

- Sample of Network Corridors:
  - Bella Vista Bypass

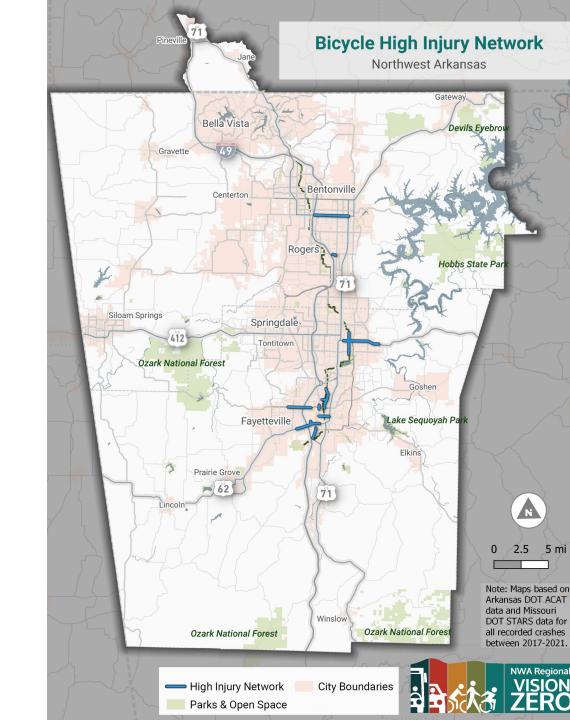


Pedestrian High Injury Network

Northwest Arkansas

### **Bicyclist HIN**

- Sample of Network Corridors:
  - Powell Street
  - West Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard
  - West Walnut Street

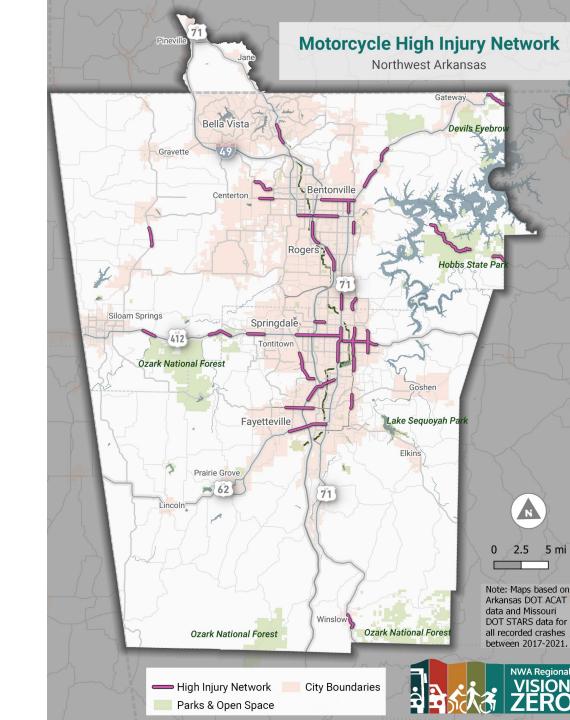




### **Motorcycle HIN**

- Sample of Network Corridors:
  - AR 112
  - AR 12
  - East Centerton Boulevard
  - Southeast Walton Boulevard
  - North Crossover Road

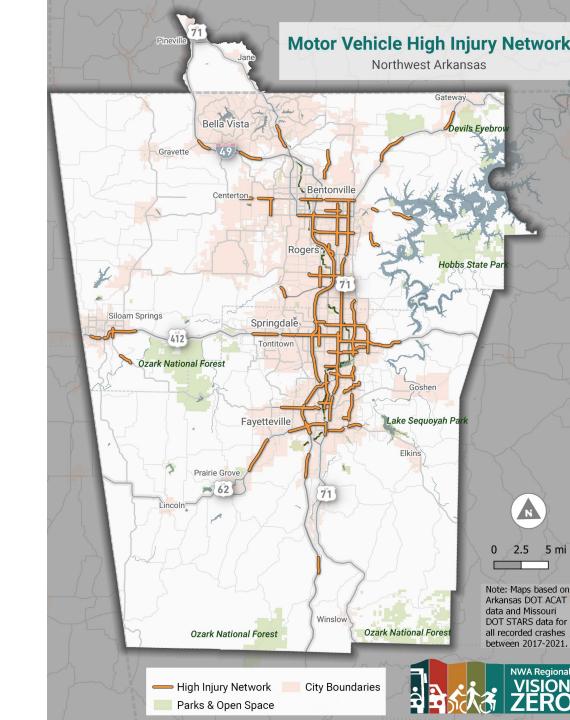




#### **Motor Vehicle HIN**

- Sample of Network Corridors:
  - AR 12
  - Bella Vista Bypass
  - East Don Tyson Parkway
  - East Joyce Boulevard
  - Southeast 14<sup>th</sup> Street
  - Wedington Drive





# Are there <u>specific</u> safety project your community is pursuing?



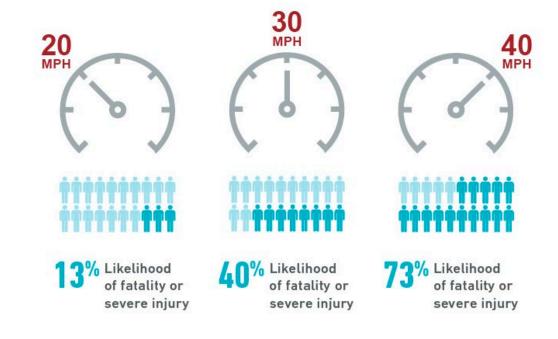


## Project Selection Approach



### **Addressing Crashes and Risk**

- Project lists will use the HIN
- Characteristics of these streets will highlight other project locations
- Crash risk will be addressed in project lists



Data Citation: Tefft, B.C. (2011). Impact Speed and a Pedestrian's Risk of Severe Injury or Death (Technical Report). Washington, D.C.: AAA Foundation for Traffic Safety.





### **Next Steps**



### **More Analysis and Engagement**

- Complete descriptive analysis
- Complete equity analysis
- Launch project StoryMap
  - Add interactive map for input
- Coordinate demonstration events





